## Graph-Based Posterior Regularization for Semi-Supervised Structured Prediction \%Penn

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GRAPH-BASED LEARN|NG
Labels: verb (V), noun (N), etc.
they run over
```



Minimize Laplacian-based objective,
summing over all neighbors of unlabeled nodes:

$$
\operatorname{Lap}(q)=\sum_{a=1}^{N} \sum_{b=L+1}^{N} w_{a b}\left\|\mathbf{q}_{a}-\mathbf{q}_{b}\right\|_{2}^{2}
$$

STRUCTURED PREDICTION $\mathrm{x}=$ The soldiers of the ninth run for cover CRF

$p_{\theta}(\mathbf{y} \mid \mathbf{x})=\frac{1}{Z_{\theta}(\mathbf{x})} \exp \left[\sum_{t=1}^{T} \theta^{\top} \mathbf{f}\left(y_{t}, y_{t-1}, \mathrm{x}\right)\right]$
Minimize negative log-likelihood, summing over all labeled sentences:
$\operatorname{NLik}\left(p_{\theta}\right)=-\sum_{i=1}^{\ell} \log p_{\theta}\left(\mathbf{y}^{i} \mid \mathbf{x}^{i}\right)$
COMBINATION
Most closely related work: Subramanya et al. (EMNLP 2010) Iterative procedure, marginals of CRF initialize graph-propagation (GP) then GP results provide additional training data for CRF learning.
$\operatorname{Lap}(q)$ graph-propagation CRF estimation $\operatorname{NLik}\left(p_{\theta}\right)$


This work: retains efficiency of Subramanya et al (EMNLP 2010) while optimizing an extendible, joint objective.

JOINT OBJECTIVE
2-0.0.
$\mathcal{J}\left(q, p_{\theta}\right)=\operatorname{Lap}(q)+\operatorname{NLik}\left(p_{\theta}\right)+\operatorname{KL}\left(q \| p_{\theta}\right)$ Couple the methods via KL divergence
$(\# \operatorname{tags})^{8}$ values, compactly represented by $\theta$ in the case of $p$

| $\overbrace{q}$ | $p_{\theta}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $7 \mathrm{e}-5$ | $2 \mathrm{e}-5$ |
| $3 \mathrm{e}-6$ | $8 \mathrm{e}-6$ |

The soldiers of the ninth run for cover

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 e-6$ | $2 e-5$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| $8 \mathrm{e}-6$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{V}$ |  |

OPTIMIZATION
$p_{\text {'s parameterization makes its update simple: }}$
$\theta$ update: $\theta^{\prime}=\theta-\eta \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}\left(q, p_{\theta}\right)}{\partial \theta}$

## EXPONENTIATED GRADIENT

Alternative type of gradient update makes "projection" efficient:
$q_{\mathbf{y}}^{i \prime}=\frac{1}{Z_{q}\left(\mathbf{x}^{i}\right)} q_{\mathbf{y}}^{i} \exp \left[-\eta \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}\left(q, p_{\theta}\right)}{\partial q_{\mathbf{y}}^{i}}\right]$
$\exp \left[-\eta \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}\left(q, p_{\theta}\right)}{\partial q_{\mathrm{y}}^{i}}\right]=$
$\exp \left[-\eta \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Lap}\left(m_{\mathbf{y}}^{i}\right)}{\partial m_{t, y_{t}, y_{t-1}}^{i}}+\eta\left(\log p_{\theta}\left(\mathbf{y} \mid \mathbf{x}^{i}\right)-\log q_{\mathbf{y}}^{i}-1\right)\right]$
$=\frac{\exp \left[-\eta \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Lap}\left(m_{\mathbf{y}}^{i}\right)}{\partial m_{t, y_{t}, y_{t-1}}^{i}}\right]}{\downarrow} p_{\theta}\left(\mathbf{y} \mid \mathbf{x}^{i}\right)^{\eta}\left(q_{\mathbf{y}}^{i}\right)^{-\eta} e$
$\operatorname{proj}_{\Delta} \longrightarrow Z_{q}\left(\mathrm{x}^{i}\right)$, computable via forward-backward

## EXTENSION

$\operatorname{Lap}(q) \longrightarrow$ any convex, differentiable $g(m)$
Theorem: The EM-like optimization procedure below
converges to a local optimum of the joint objective
M-step: $\quad \theta^{\prime}=\theta-\eta \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}\left(q, p_{\theta}\right)}{\partial \theta}$
E-step: $\quad q_{\mathbf{y}}^{i \prime}=\frac{1}{Z_{q}\left(\times^{i}\right)} q_{\mathbf{y}}^{i} \exp \left[-\eta \frac{\partial \mathcal{J}\left(q, p_{\theta}\right)}{\partial q_{\mathbf{y}}^{i}}\right]$
EXPERIMENTS
Part-of-speech tagging


Handwriting recognition

|  | GP | GP $\rightarrow$ CRF | CRF | J |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 17.57 | 15.07 | 9.82 | 4.89 |
| StdDev | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.48 | $\mathbf{0 . 4 2}$ |

